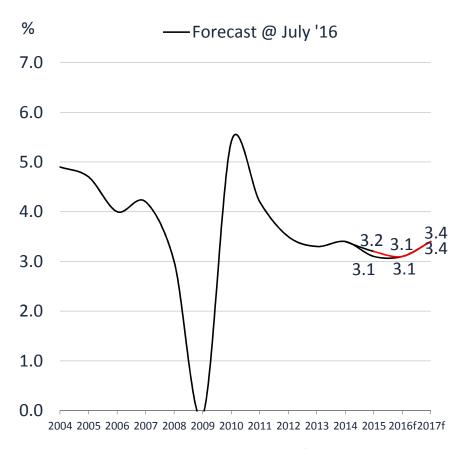


# Developments in the International Economy that would impact on Fiji's Economy?

- Global growth/US/China
- Trading partner performances
- Commodity price movements
- Major currency changes
- Geopolitical tensions
- Policy uncertainty (tighter monetary stances, protectionist trade policies, etc.)



### **WORLD GDP GROWTH**

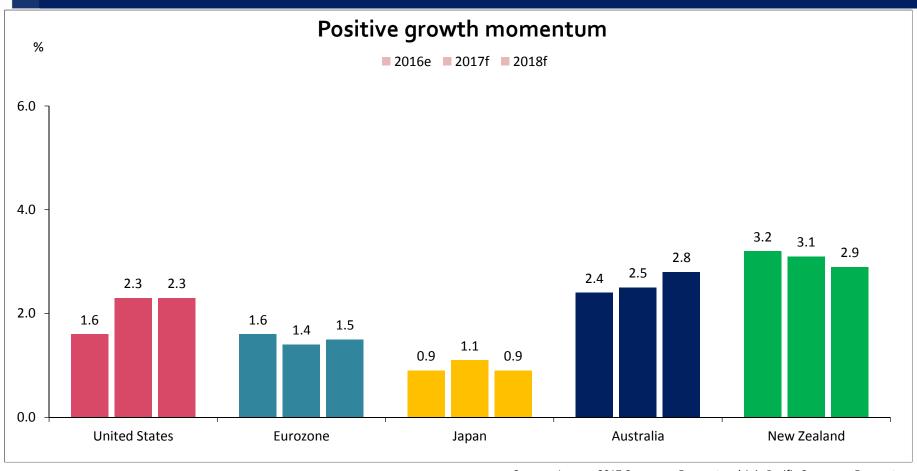


Sources: IMF World Economic Outlook July/October 2016

- Global growth forecast this year is stronger than that for 2016, with upward biases provided by the US and China.
- The outlook for advanced economies has improved, reflecting rebound in second-half activity last year for the US, Euro zone, the UK.
- Weaker prospects for emerging market and developing economies, particularly India and Brazil.
- Deviation from this central forecast driven by policy uncertainty around the policy stance of the incoming US administration and its impact.

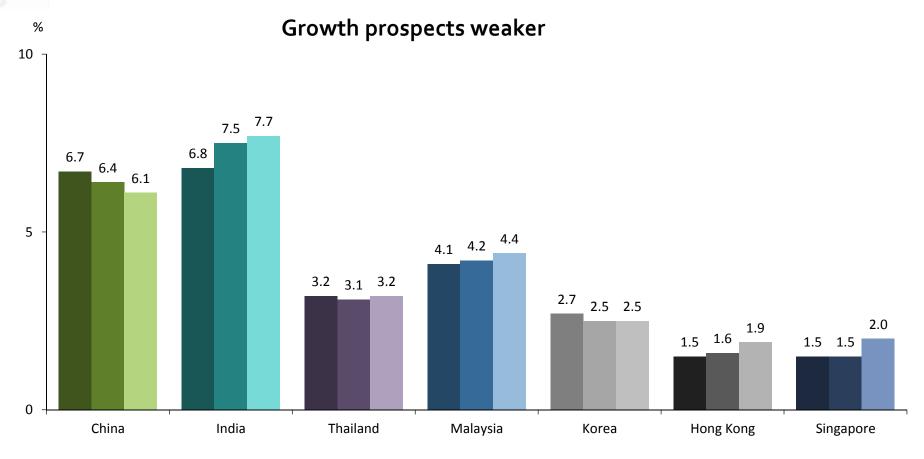
Sources: IMF World Economic Outlook Update Jan 2017

## TRADING PARTNERS' OUTLOOK



Sources: January 2017 Consensus Forecast and Asia Pacific Consensus Forecasts

## **ASIA'S ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**



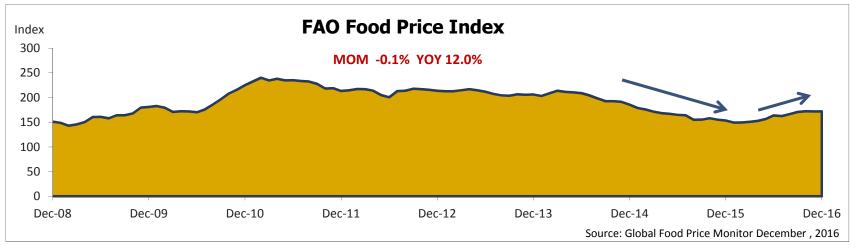
Sources: January 2017 Consensus Forecast and Asia Pacific Consensus Forecasts

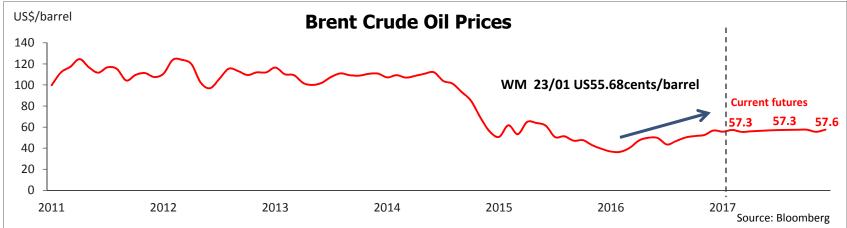
## **COMMODITIES - Recent Developments**

- Agreement by OPEC and non-OPEC members on oil supply
- Oil production in the US
- Increased demand by China
- Other supply related factors

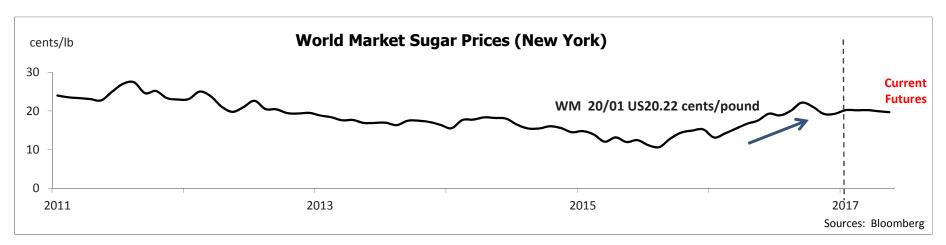


## **IMPORT COMMODITY PRICES**





## **EXPORT COMMODITY PRICES**





# THE DOMESTIC ECONOMY Recent developments

- TC Winston and Zena (Feb/Apr16)
- TDo4F (Dec16)
- Lower than forecast tourist arrivals
- Lower than forecast remittances
- Pick up in commodity prices
- Delayed reconstruction /supply shortages

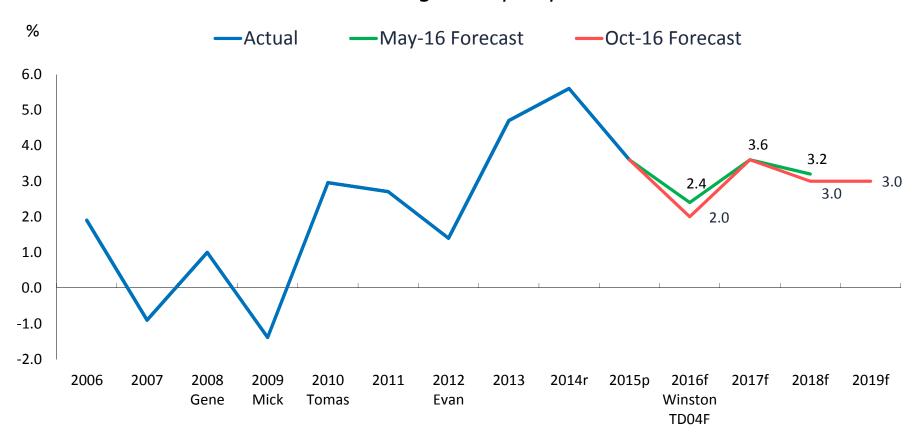






## **GDP GROWTH**

### Reduced growth prospects

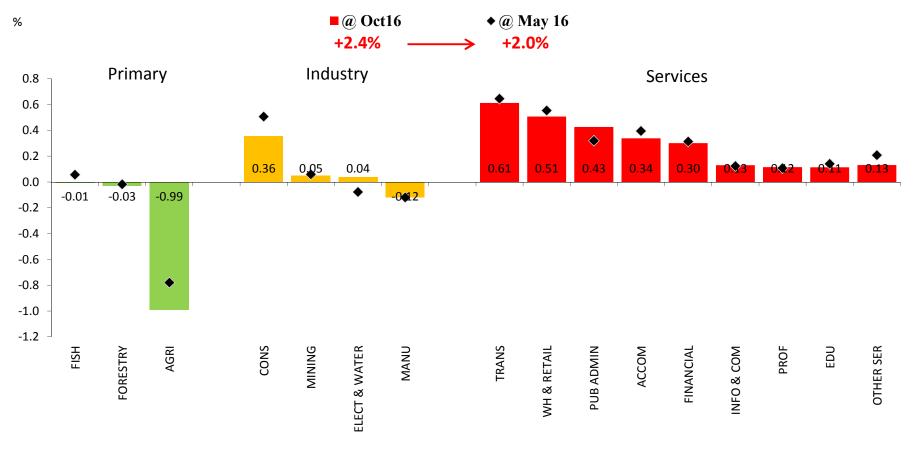


Sources: Fiji Bureau of Statistics & Macroeconomic Committee



## **Sector contribution to Estimated Growth in 2016**

Agriculture, manufacturing, forestry, fishing and water sectors are expected to decline.

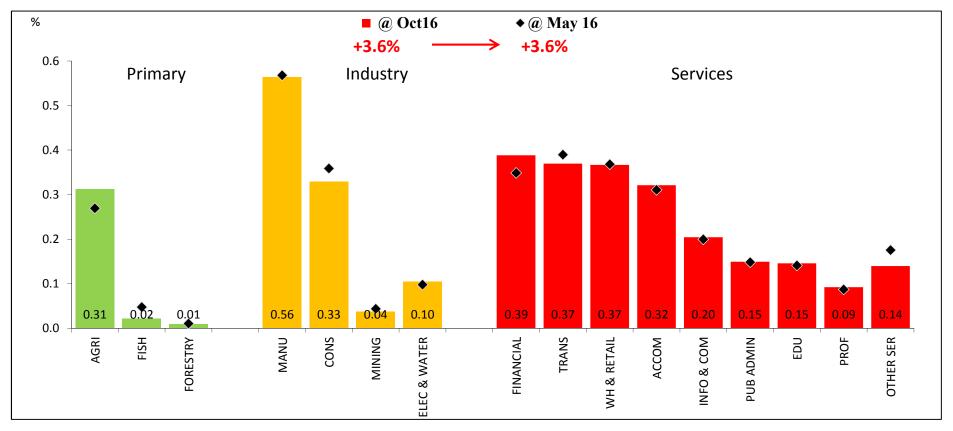


Source: Macroeconomic Committee



## **Sector contribution to Projected Growth in 2017**

Broad based growth is expected in 2017 – slight downward bias following TD04F



Source: Macroeconomic Committee

## AGGREGATE DEMAND

- Consumption indicators remain firm
- Investment trends are positive
- Fiscal measures are targeted at rebuilding the economy

## **Aggregate Demand**

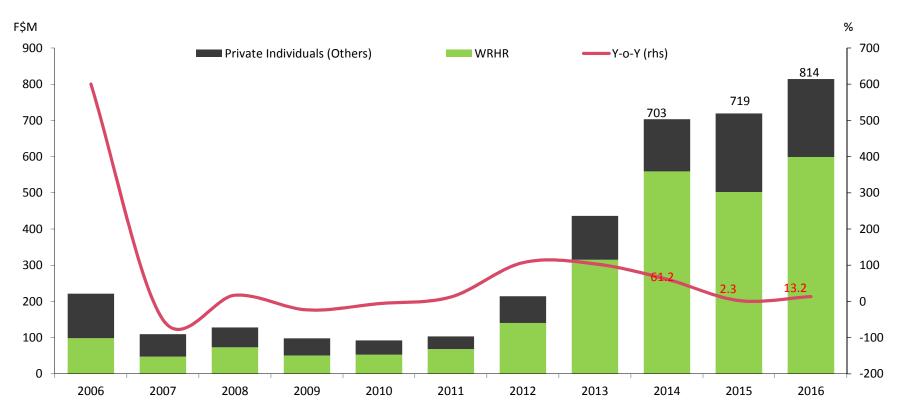






## BANKS' NEW CONSUMPTION LOANS, NOV

New consumption credit growth has slightly picked

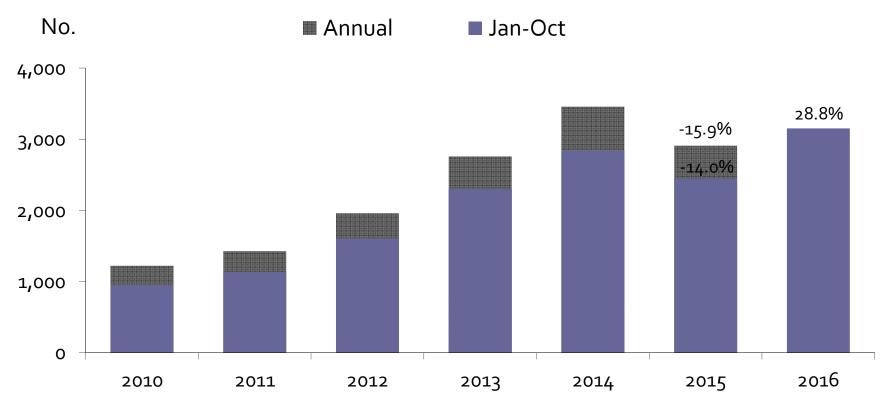


From March 2014 HFC lending is included in Commercial Banks' lending.

Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



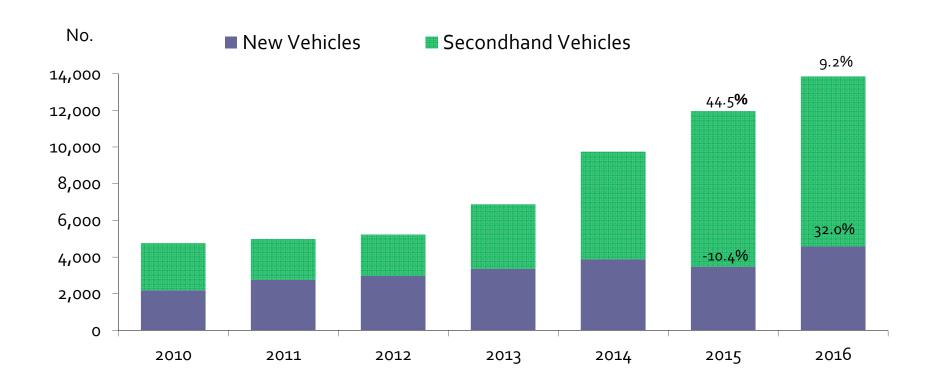
## **NEW VEHICLES SALES**



Note: Effective 2012, New Vehicle Sales data inclusive of data from Vision Motors



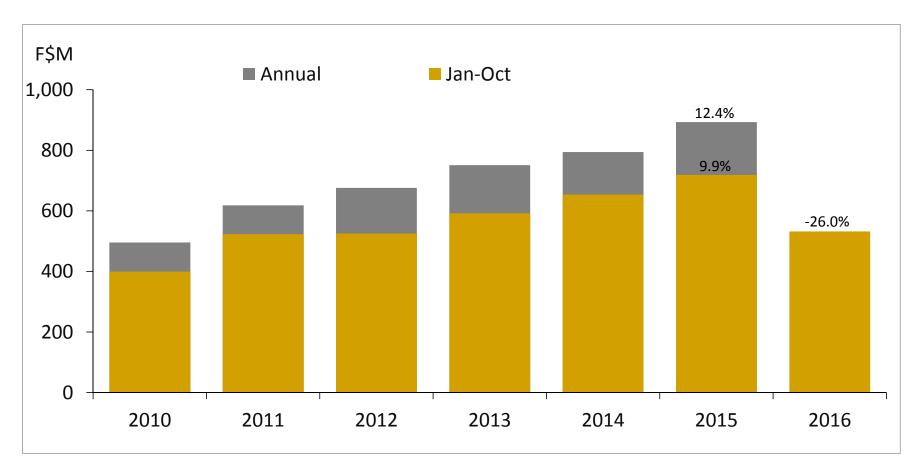
# VEHICLES REGISTRATION Jan-Nov



Source: Land Transport Authority



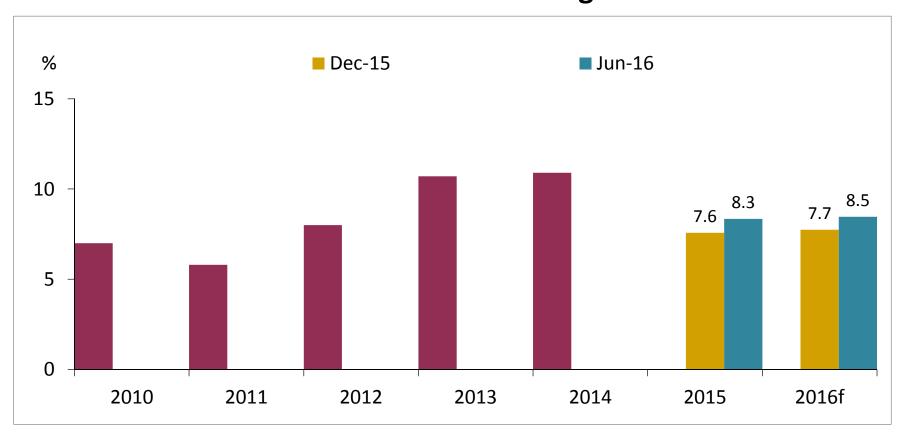
## **NET VAT COLLECTIONS**



Source: Fiji Revenue & Customs Authority



# RBF RETAIL SALES SURVEY Annual Percent Change

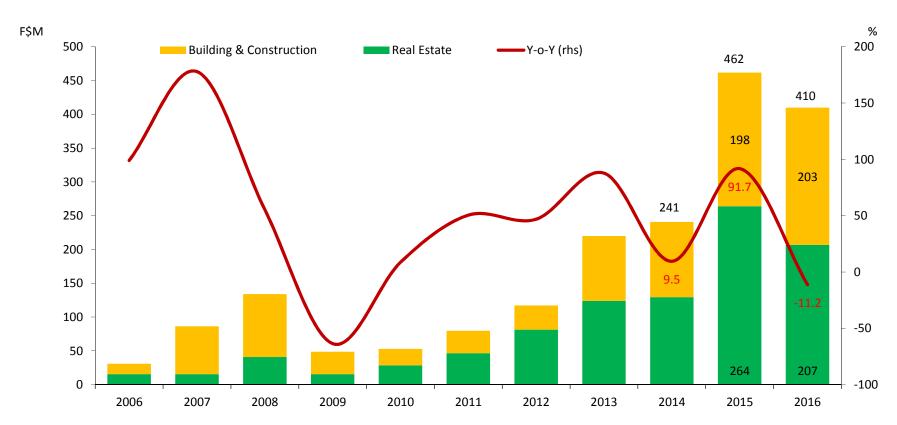


Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



## BANKS' NEW INVESTMENT LOANS, NOV

New investment credit growth has been negative since January 2016



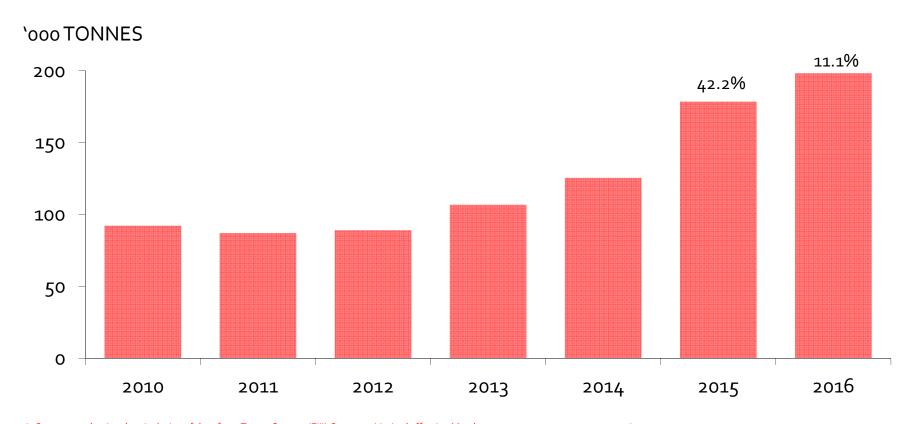
From March 2014 HFC lending is included in Commercial Banks' lending.

Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



## **DOMESTIC CEMENT SALES**

### **Annual**

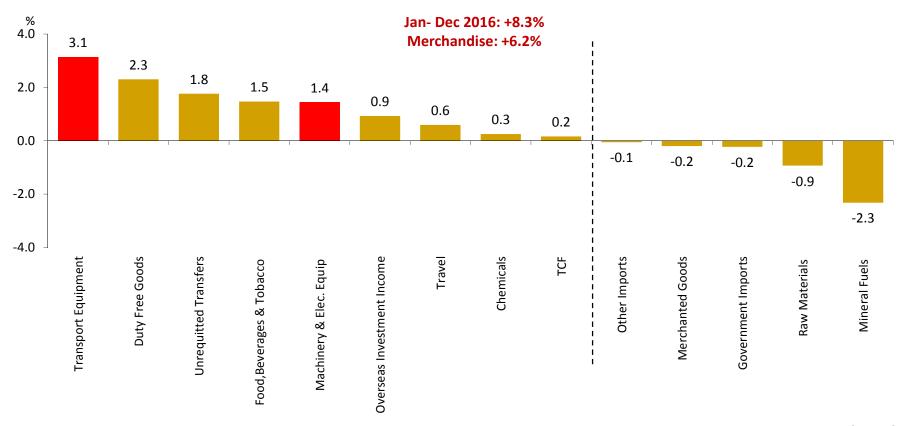


<sup>\*</sup> Cement production data inclusive of data from Tengy Cement (Fiji) Company Limited effective March 2014

Sources: Pacific Cement Ltd and Tengy Cement (Fiji) Company Limited



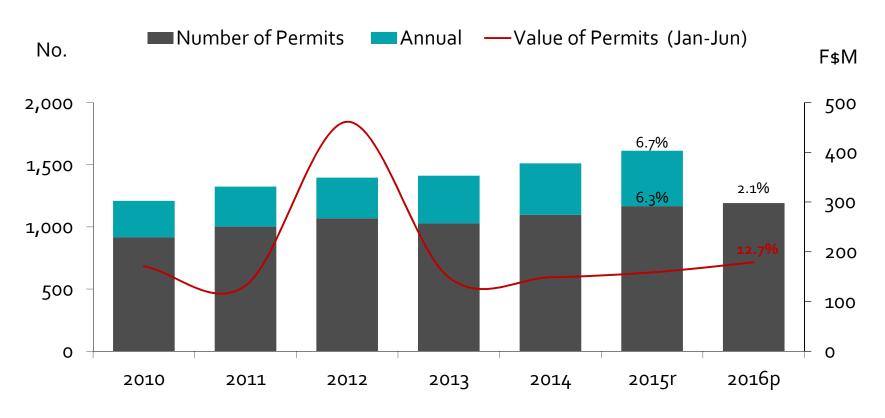
## OET MAJOR PAYMENTS SECTORAL CONTRIBUTIONS



Source: OET



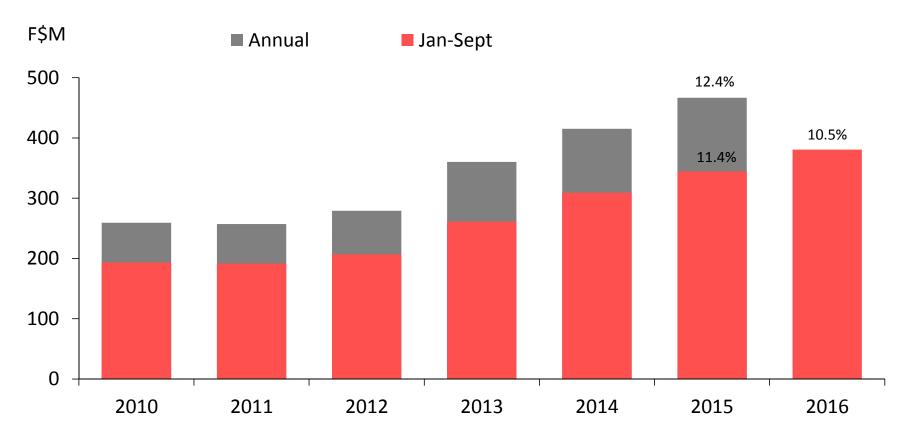
# BUILDING PERMITS Jan-Sept



Source: Fiji Bureau of Statistics



## **TOTAL VALUE OF WORK PUT-IN-PLACE**



Source: Fiji Bureau of Statistics

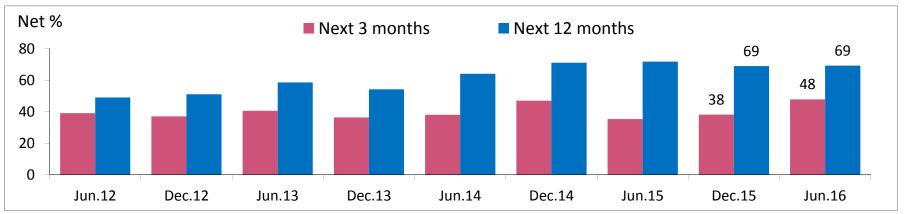


### **BUSINESS SENTIMENTS**

### **Outlook for Investment (Plant & Machinery)**



### **Outlook for Investment (Buildings)**



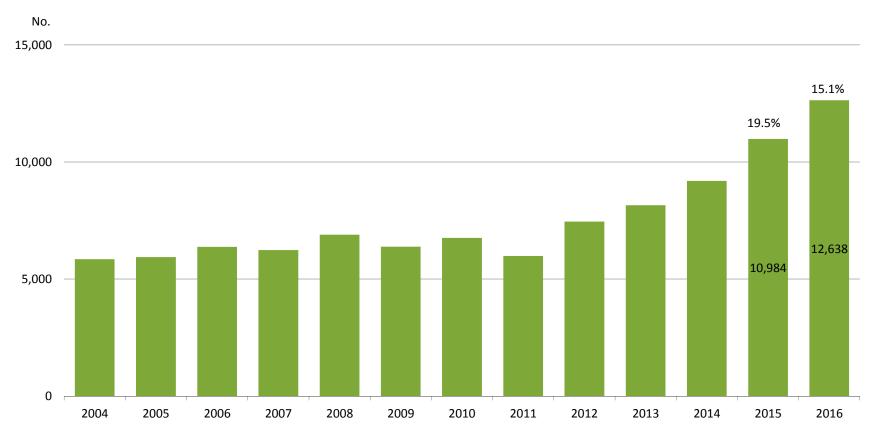
Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



Labour market conditions remain favourable



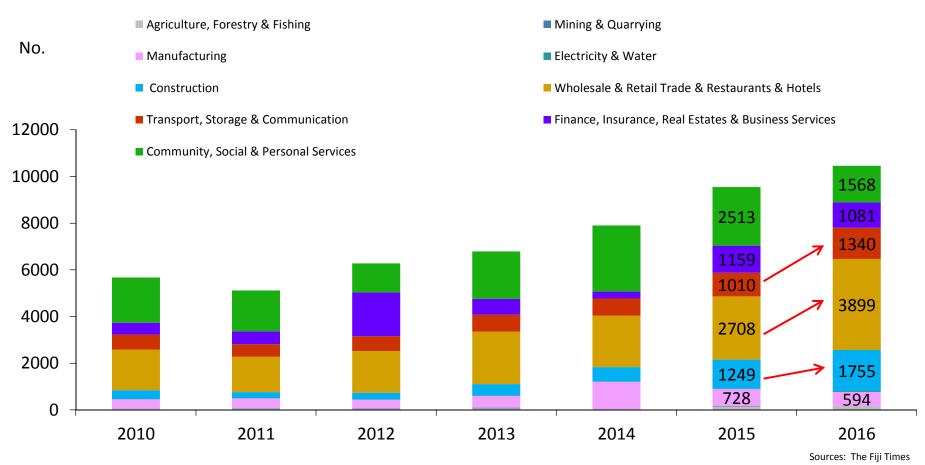
## **RBF JOB ADVERTISEMENTS SURVEY**



Source: The Fiji Times



### **JOB ADVERTISEMENTS BY SECTORS**



## **EXTERNAL SECTOR**

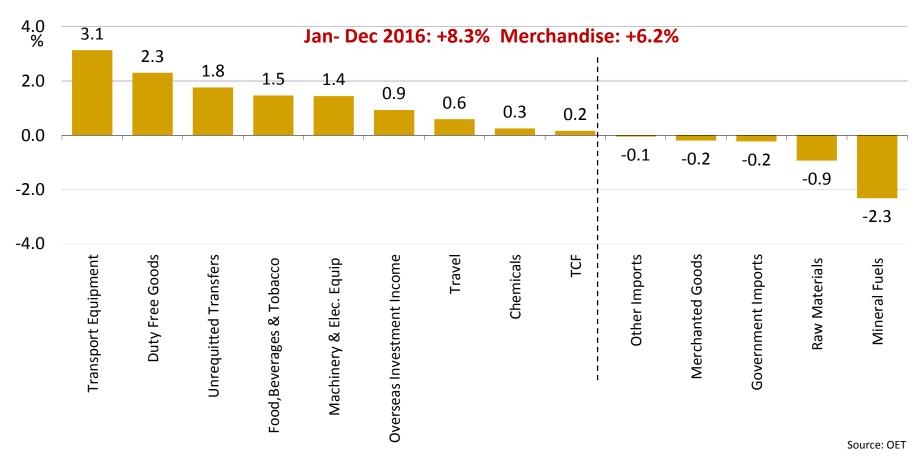


• External balances remain stable despite some deterioration in the trade account and lower than expected performances in the services and income account



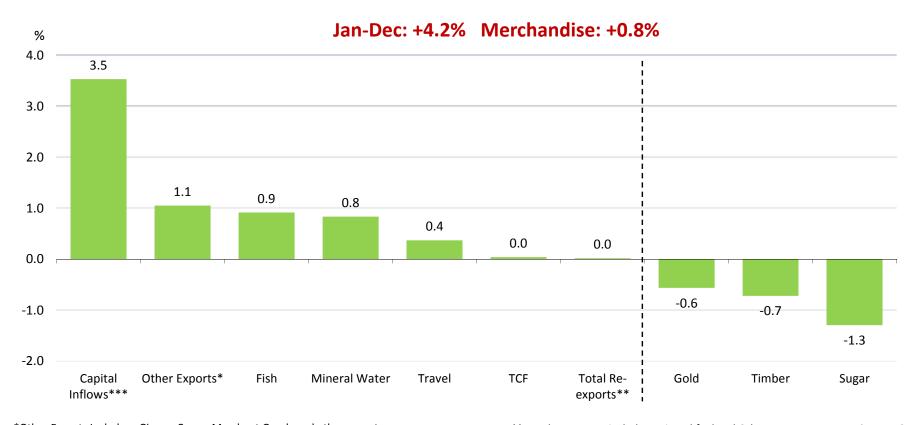


## **MAJOR OET PAYMENTS – Contribution by category**





## **MAJOR OET RECEIPTS – Contribution by category**



\*Other Exports Includes: Ginger, Copra, Merchant Goods and other exports

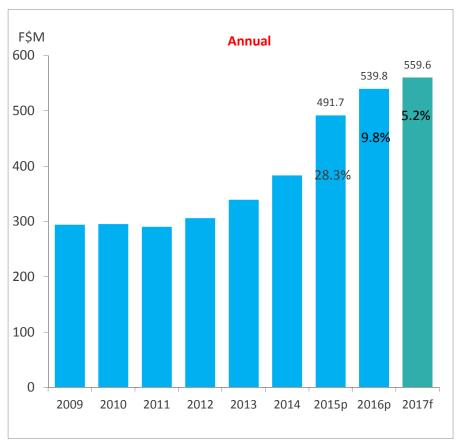
\*\* Total Re-exports includes: Mineral fuel and Others

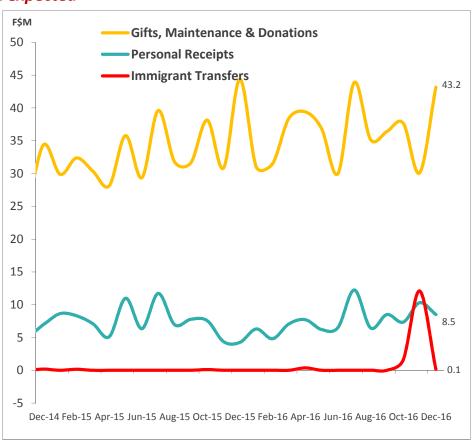
Source: OET

\*\*\*Capital Inflows: Official Capital Transaction & Private Capital Transaction

## PERSONAL REMITTANCES

### Lower than expected

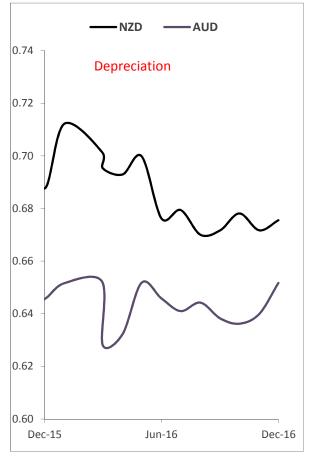


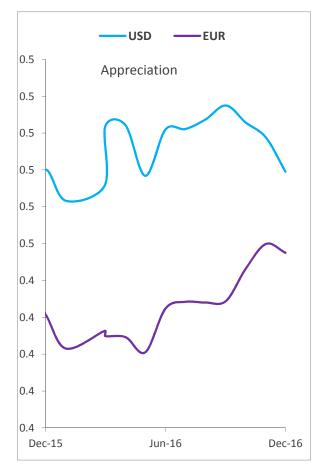


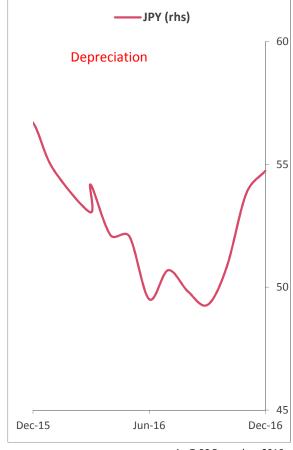
Sources: OET & Macroeconomic Committee



## FIJI DOLLAR/BASKET CURRENCIES







As @ 30 December 2016

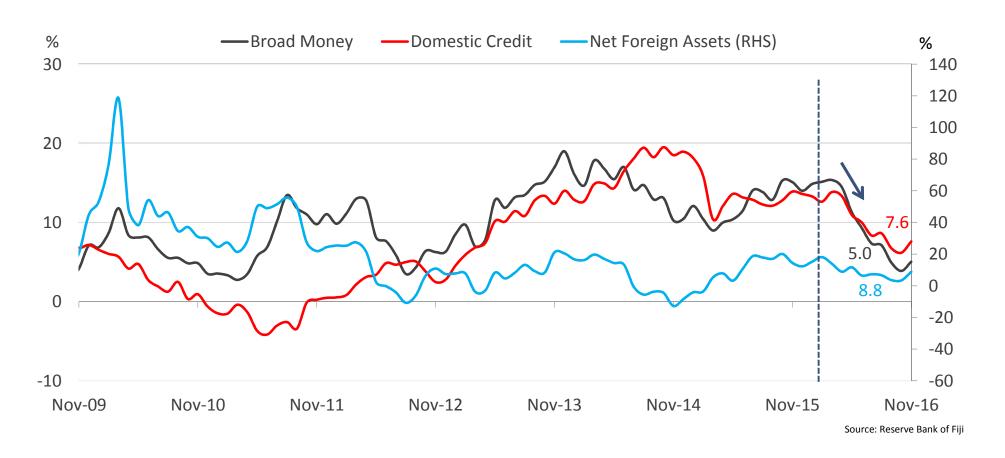
## FINANCIAL CONDITIONS



- Slowdown in major credit aggregates
- General decline in lending rates and some upward movement in deposit rates
- Overall liquidity conditions remain adequate while levels have fallen

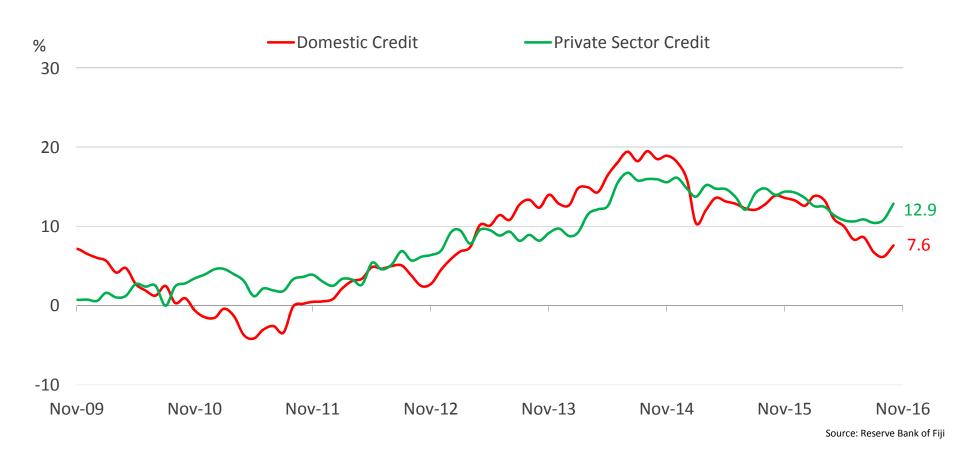
## **BROAD MONEY & CREDIT**

### Monetary conditions remain favourable but credit growth slowing



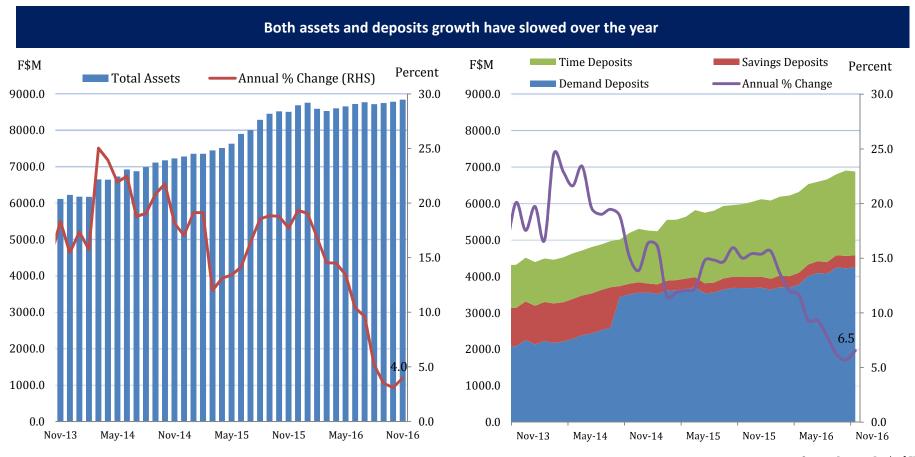
## **DOMESTIC CREDIT**

Monetary conditions remain favourable but credit growth slowing



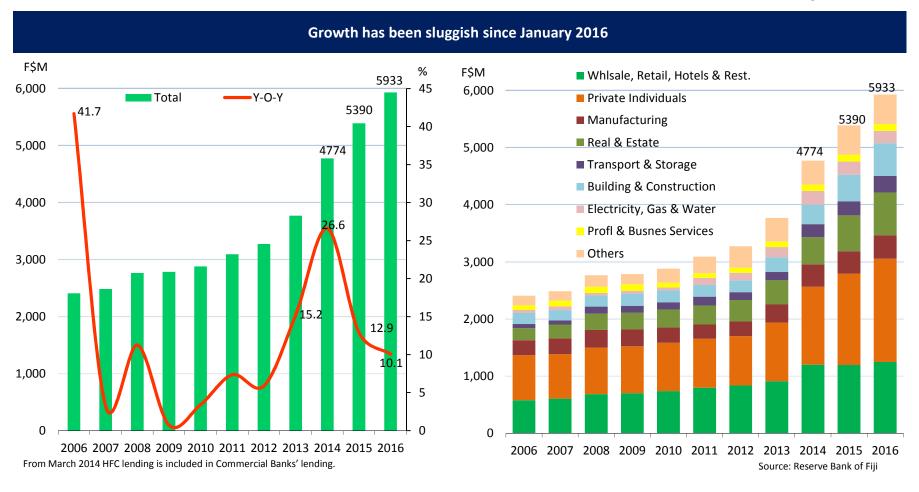


## **COMMERCIAL BANKS' ASSETS & DEPOSITS, NOV**



Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji

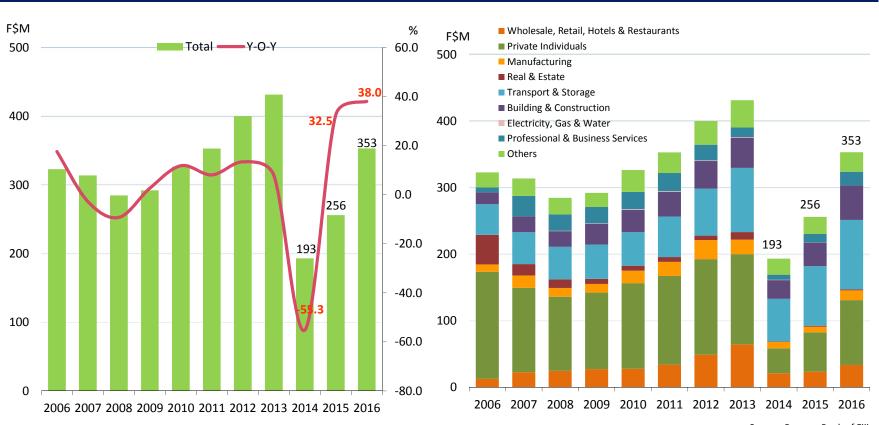
# COMMERCIAL BANKS' OUTSTANDING LENDING, NOV





## LCIs' OUTSTANDING LENDING, NOV

#### Mostly driven by lending to private individuals and transport & storage sectors



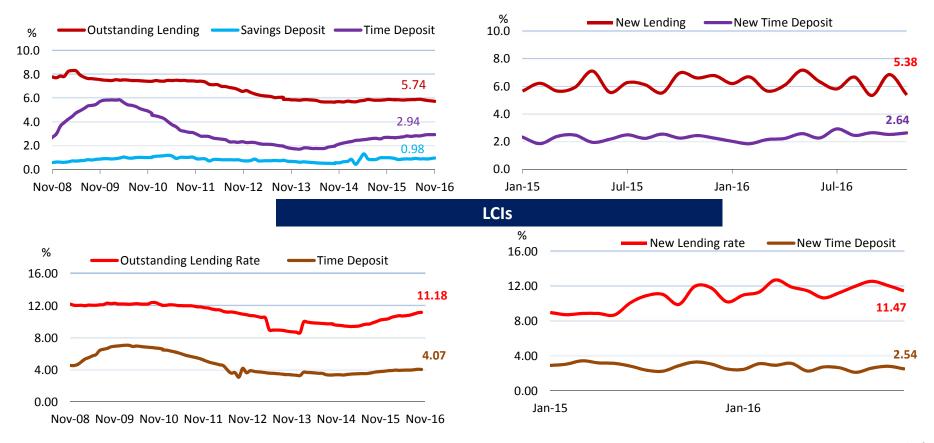
From March 2014 HFC lending is included in Commercial Banks' lending.

Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



#### **INTEREST RATES**

#### **Commercial Banks**



Source: Reserve Bank of Fiji



## **BANKS' LIQUIDITY**

#### Liquidity has declined but remains ample



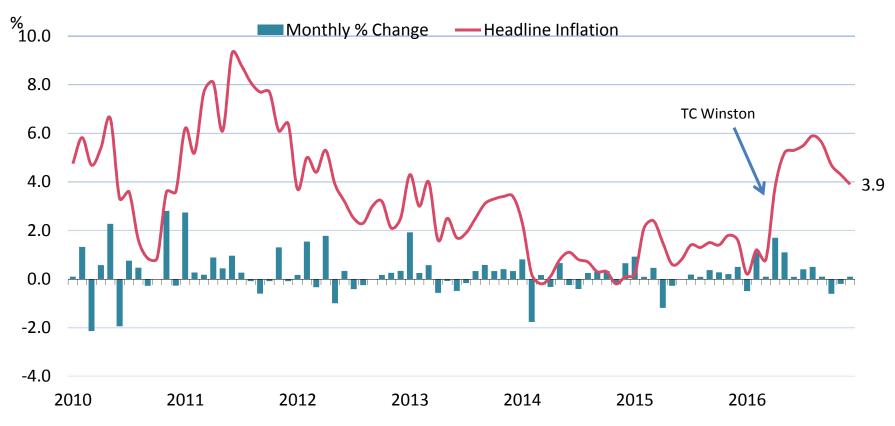
As at 16th January 2017

## MONETARY POLICY: RBF's TWIN OBJECTIVES



- Maintain foreign reserves at adequate levels
- Keep inflation low and stable

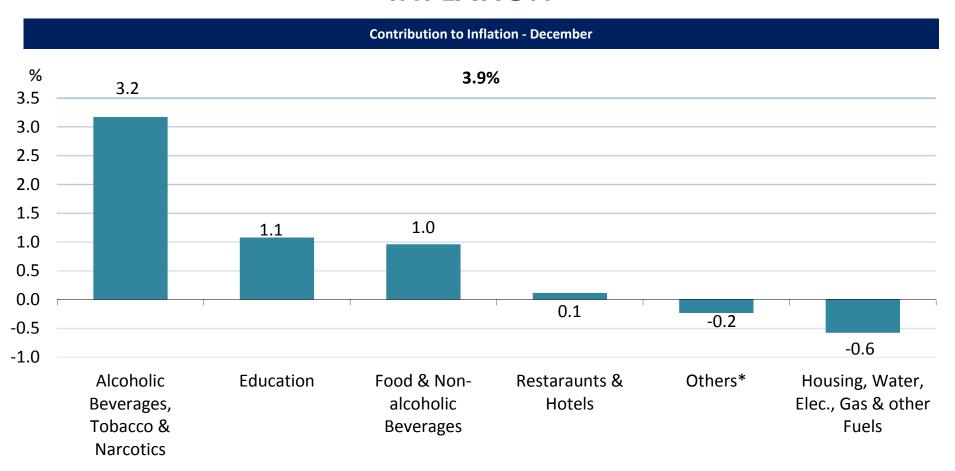
#### **INFLATION: 2010 - 2016**



<sup>\*</sup>Others include Health, Communication. Furnishings, Hhld., Equip. Routine Hhld. maintenance, Recreation & Culture, Clothing & Footwear and Misc.

Sources: Reserve Bank of Fiji and Fiji Bureau of Statistics

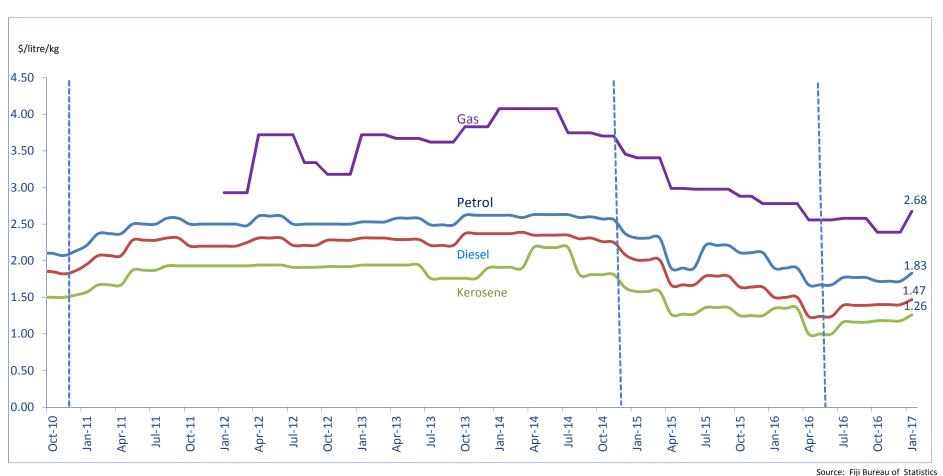
#### **INFLATION**



<sup>\*</sup>Others include Health, Communication. Furnishings, Hhld., Equip. Routine Hhld. maintenance, Recreation & Culture, Clothing & Footwear and Misc.

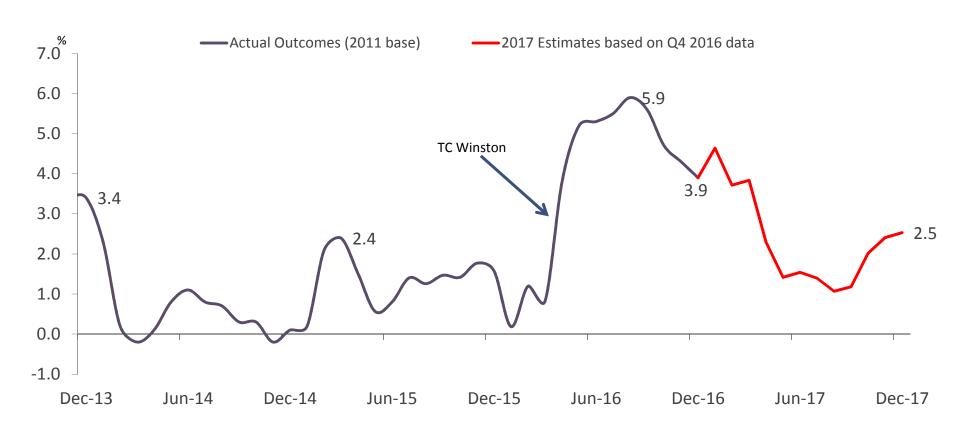
Sources: Reserve Bank of Fiji and Fiji Bureau of Statistics

### **DOMESTIC FUEL PRICES**





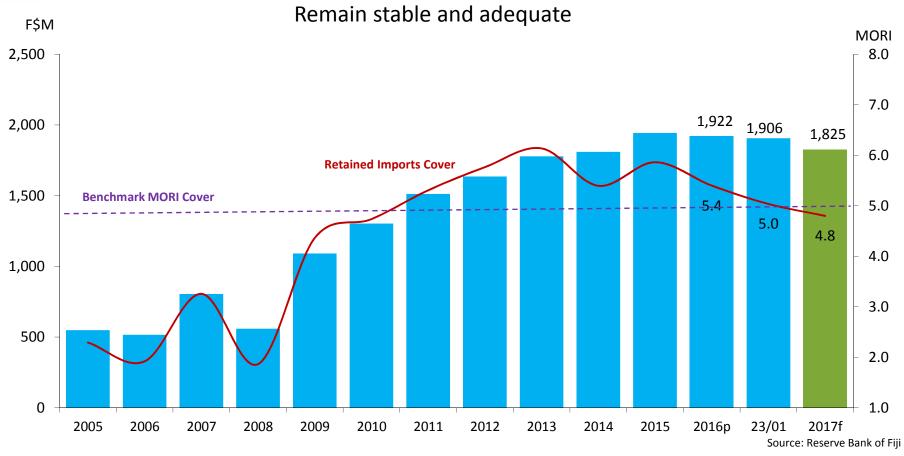
### **INFLATION FORECAST**



Source: Fiji Bureau of Statistics and Reserve Bank of Fiji



#### **FOREIGN RESERVES**



#### **BALANCE OF RISKS**



- Upside risks to global growth from both the US and China based on policy stimulus factors.
- Negative risks include inward-looking policies and protectionism, tighter in financial conditions, increased geopolitical tensions and severe China slowdown, sharp rise in commodity prices and currency changes.
- Domestically, downside risks from higher frequency of natural disasters and its impact on consumer/business confidence and other macro indicators.
- Progress of Government's structural reform agenda especially in the lead up to elections will continue to be monitored.
- Impact of risks on forecasts for reserves and inflation will be closely monitored.

#### **SUMMARY**

- The global outlook is for an improved 3.4 percent growth this year downside risks prevail
- 2017 domestic growth forecast at 3.6 percent slight negative impact from TD04F
- Consumption and investment remain firm
- Labour market conditions are positive
- Liquidity conditions remain generally adequate while levels have declined
- Inflation is likely to rise slightly from the impact of the recent flooding before generally declining to around 2.5 percent by year end
- Foreign reserves are currently comfortable at \$1,906 million (5.1 MORI) and expected to remain adequate in 2017
- Overall monetary and financial stability are expected to remain intact
- Macroeconomic policy remain supportive of the economic recovery and raising growth potential



